THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ACT OF 1979 (EXCERPT) Act 300 of 1980

38.1308 Definitions: S. T.

- Sec. 8. (1) "Service" means personal service performed as a public school employee or creditable under this act.
 - (2) "Simple interest" means interest at 1 or more rates per annum determined by the retirement board.
- (3) "State of Michigan service" means service performed as a state employee in the classified or unclassified service under the state employees' retirement act, 1943 PA 240, MCL 38.1 to 38.69.
- (4) "Teacher" means a person employed by a reporting unit who is engaged in teaching, who is engaged in administering and supervising teaching, or who is under a teacher's contract with a reporting unit.
- (5) "Transitional public employment program" means participation in public service employment programs in the areas of environmental quality, health care, education, public safety, crime prevention and control, prison rehabilitation, transportation, recreation, maintenance of parks, streets, and other public facilities, solid waste removal, pollution control, housing and neighborhood improvements, rural development, conservation, beautification, veterans' outreach, and other fields of human betterment and community improvement as part of a program of comprehensive manpower services authorized, undertaken, and financed under the comprehensive employment and training act of 1973, former Public Law 93-203, 87 Stat. 839.

History: 1980, Act 300, Imd. Eff. Oct. 31, 1980;—Am. 1996, Act 488, Eff. Mar. 31, 1997;—Am. 1997, Act 143, Imd. Eff. Nov. 19, 1997.

Compiler's note: Section 2 of Act 488 of 1996 provides:

"Section 2. If any section or part of a section of this act is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional, the holding does not affect the validity of the remaining sections of this act or the act in its entirety."

Popular name: Act 300

COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT (EXCERPT) Act 186 of 1989

45.583 Department of solid waste management; establishment; function; control; annual budget; appointment of director.

- Sec. 3. (1) The county board of commissioners of a county may establish a department of solid waste management as an additional department pursuant to section 14 of Act No. 139 of the Public Acts of 1973, being section 45.564 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The department of solid waste management shall function as provided in section 13 of Act No. 139 of the Public Acts of 1973, being section 45.563 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and as provided in and subject to the resolution of the county board of commissioners establishing a solid waste system as provided in this act. The department of solid waste management is under the control of the county manager or the elected county executive in the same manner and extent as other departments of the county.
- (2) The county manager or elected county executive shall prepare an annual budget for the department of solid waste management and shall submit this budget to the county board of commissioners for approval.
- (3) The county manager or the elected county executive shall appoint a director of the department of solid waste management in accordance with section 8(1) of Act No. 139 of the Public Acts of 1973, being section 45.558 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

History: 1989, Act 186, Imd. Eff. Aug. 24, 1989.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.901 Definitions.

Sec. 901. As used in this part:

- (a) "Articles" means the articles of incorporation of an authority.
- (b) "Authority" means a joint city-state environmental management authority created pursuant to section
 - (c) "Board" means the board of directors of the authority.
 - (d) "Solid waste" means solid waste as defined in part 115.
- (e) "State agency" means either the department or the governing body of the state park that is participating in an authority.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT)

Act 451 of 1994

324.905 Powers of authority subject to articles of incorporation.

Sec. 905. (1) The articles may authorize an authority to propose standards, criteria, and regulations.

- (2) To the extent authorized in the articles, an authority may plan, promote, finance, issue bonds for, acquire, improve, enlarge, extend, own, lease, construct, replace, or contract for public improvements and services, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Water and sewer public improvements and services.
 - (b) Solid waste collection, recycling, and disposal.
- (c) Other public improvements relating to environmental matters that the city and the state agency in writing agree to assume.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.906 Powers of authority generally.

Sec. 906. An authority may do 1 or more of the following:

- (a) Acquire and hold, by purchase, lease, grant, gift, devise, land contract, installment purchase contract, bequest, or other legal means, real and personal property inside or outside the boundaries of the authority. The property may include franchises, easements, or rights-of-way on, under, or above any property. The authority may pay for the property, or pledge for the payment of the property, from revenue of the authority.
- (b) Apply for and accept grants, loans, or contributions from the federal government or any of its agencies, this state, the city, or other public or private agencies to be used for any of the purposes of this part.
- (c) Contract with the city for the provision of services of a type listed in section 905(2) for a period not exceeding 30 years. The service may be established or funded in conjunction with an existing service of a local governmental unit, and the provision of a service of a local governmental unit may be delegated to an authority. A charge specified in a contract is subject to increase by the authority if that increase is necessary to provide funds to meet the authority's obligations.
 - (d) Retain full-time employees to staff the authority and to implement the policies of the authority.
- (e) Provide for and be responsible for the maintenance of all of the following for a public purpose, subject to the articles and bylaws of the authority:
 - (i) Potable water.
 - (ii) Sewage systems.
 - (iii) Solid waste management.
- (iv) Other municipal functions delegated to it in writing by the respective governing bodies of the participating city and state agency.
 - (f) Assess and collect fees for its services and expenses.
 - (g) Receive revenue from any source as appropriated by the legislature or the governing body of the city.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324,3101 Definitions.

Sec. 3101. As used in this part:

- (a) "Aquatic nuisance species" means a nonindigenous species that threatens the diversity or abundance of native species or the ecological stability of infested waters, or commercial, agricultural, aquacultural, or recreational activities dependent on such waters.
- (b) "Ballast water" means water and associated solids taken on board a vessel to control or maintain trim, draft, stability, or stresses on the vessel, without regard to the manner in which it is carried.
- (c) "Ballast water treatment method" means a method of treating ballast water and sediments to remove or destroy living biological organisms through 1 or more of the following:
 - (i) Filtration.
 - (ii) The application of biocides or ultraviolet light.
 - (iii) Thermal methods.
 - (iv) Other treatment techniques approved by the department.
 - (d) "Department" means the department of environmental quality.

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Courtesy of www.legislature.mi.gov

- (e) "Detroit consumer price index" means the most comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit area from the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics.
- (f) "Emergency management coordinator" means that term as defined in section 2 of the emergency management act, 1976 PA 390, MCL 30.402.
 - (g) "Great Lakes" means the Great Lakes and their connecting waters, including Lake St. Clair.
- (h) "Group 1 facility" means a facility whose discharge is described by R 323.2218 of the Michigan administrative code.
- (i) "Group 2 facility" means a facility whose discharge is described by R 323.2210(y), R 323.2215, or R 323.2216 of the Michigan administrative code.
- (j) "Group 3 facility" means a facility whose discharge is described by R 323.2211 or R 323.2213 of the Michigan administrative code.
- (k) "Local health department" means that term as defined in section 1105 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.1105.
- (1) "Local unit" means a county, city, village, or township or an agency or instrumentality of any of these entities.
- (m) "Municipality" means this state, a county, city, village, or township, or an agency or instrumentality of any of these entities.
- (n) "National response center" means the national communications center established under the clean water act, 33 USC 1251 to 1387, located in Washington, DC, that receives and relays notice of oil discharge or releases of hazardous substances to appropriate federal officials.
 - (o) "Nonoceangoing vessel" means a vessel that is not an oceangoing vessel.
- (p) "Oceangoing vessel" means a vessel that operates on the Great Lakes or the St. Lawrence waterway after operating in waters outside of the Great Lakes or the St. Lawrence waterway.
- (q) "Open water disposal of contaminated dredge materials" means the placement of dredge materials contaminated with toxic substances as defined in R 323.1205 of the Michigan administrative code into the open waters of the waters of the state but does not include the siting or use of a confined disposal facility designated by the United States army corps of engineers or beach nourishment activities utilizing uncontaminated materials.
- (r) "Primary public safety answering point" means that term as defined in section 102 of the emergency telephone service enabling act, 1986 PA 32, MCL 484.1102.
 - (s) "Sediments" means any matter settled out of ballast water within a vessel.
- (t) "Sewage sludge" means sewage sludge generated in the treatment of domestic sewage, other than only septage or industrial waste.
- (u) "Sewage sludge derivative" means a product for land application derived from sewage sludge that does not include solid waste or other waste regulated under this act.
 - (v) "Sewage sludge generator" means a person who generates sewage sludge that is applied to land.
- (w) "Sewage sludge distributor" means a person who applies, markets, or distributes, except at retail, a sewage sludge derivative.
- (x) "St. Lawrence waterway" means the St. Lawrence river, the St. Lawrence seaway, and the gulf of St. Lawrence.
- (y) "Threshold reporting quantity" means that term as defined in R 324.2002 of the Michigan administrative code.
- (z) "Waters of the state" means groundwaters, lakes, rivers, and streams and all other watercourses and waters, including the Great Lakes, within the jurisdiction of this state.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995;—Am. 1997, Act 29, Imd. Eff. June 18, 1997;—Am. 2001, Act 114, Imd. Eff. Aug. 6, 2001;—Am. 2004, Act 90, Imd. Eff. Apr. 22, 2004;—Am. 2004, Act 142, Imd. Eff. June 15, 2004;—Am. 2006, Act 97, Imd. Eff. Apr. 4, 2006.

Compiler's note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities of the Waste Management Division to the Director of the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, see E.R.O. No. 1995-16, compiled at MCL 324.99901 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 451

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.3701 Definitions.

Sec. 3701. As used in this part:

(a) "Facility" means any disposal system, including disposal wells, or any treatment works, appliance, equipment, machinery, or installation constructed, used, or placed in operation primarily for the purpose of

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reducing, controlling, or eliminating water pollution caused by industrial waste.

- (b) "Industrial waste" means any liquid, gaseous, or solid waste substance resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade, or business, or from the development, processing, or recovery of any paper or wood, which is capable of polluting the waters of the state.
- (c) "Treatment works" means any plant, pumping station, incinerator, or other works or reservoir used primarily for the purpose of treating, stabilizing, isolating, or holding industrial waste.
- (d) "Disposal system" means a system used primarily for disposing of or isolating industrial waste and includes pipelines or conduits, pumping stations and force mains, and all other constructions, devices, appurtenances, and facilities used for collecting or conducting water-borne industrial waste to a point of disposal, treatment, or isolation, except that which is necessary to the manufacture of products.

History: Add. 1995, Act 60, Imd. Eff. May 24, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11104 Definitions; O to V.

Sec. 11104. (1) "Operator" means the person responsible for the overall operation of a disposal, treatment, or storage facility with approval of the department either by contract or license.

- (2) "Site identification number" means a number that is assigned by the United States environmental protection agency or the United States environmental protection agency's designee to each generator, each transporter, and each treatment, storage, or disposal facility. If the generator or transporter or the treatment, storage, or disposal facility manages wastes that are hazardous under this part and the rules promulgated under this part but are not hazardous under the solid waste disposal act, site identification number means an equivalent number that is assigned by the department.
 - (3) "Solid waste" means that term as it is defined in part 115.
- (4) "Storage" means the holding of hazardous waste for a temporary period, at the end of which the hazardous waste is treated, disposed of, or stored elsewhere.
- (5) "Storage facility" means a facility or part of a facility where managed hazardous waste, as defined by rule, is subject to storage. A generator who accumulates managed hazardous waste, as defined by rule, on site in containers or tanks for less than 91 days or a period of time prescribed by rule is not a storage facility.
- (6) "Surface impoundment" or "impoundment" means a treatment, storage, or disposal facility or part of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility that is a natural topographic depression, human-made excavation, or diked area formed primarily of earthen materials, although it may be lined with human-made materials, that is designed to hold an accumulation of liquid wastes or wastes containing free liquids, and that is not an injection well. Surface impoundments include, but are not limited to, holding, storage, settling, and aeration pits, ponds, and lagoons.
- (7) "The solid waste disposal act" means title II of Public Law 89-272, 42 U.S.C. 6901, 6902 to 6907, 6911, 6912 to 6914a, 6915 to 6916, 6921 to 6939e, 6941, 6942 to 6949a, 6951 to 6956, 6961 to 6964, 6971 to 6979b, 6981 to 6987, 6991 to 6991i, and 6992 to 6992k.
- (8) "Transporter" means a person engaged in the off-site transportation of hazardous waste by air, rail, highway, or water.
- (9) "Treatment" means any method, technique, or process, including neutralization, designed to change the physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of any hazardous waste, to neutralize the waste, to recover energy or material resources from the waste, or to render the waste nonhazardous or less hazardous, safer to transport, store, or dispose of, amenable to recovery, amenable to storage, or reduced in volume. Treatment includes any activity or processing designed to change the physical form or chemical composition of hazardous waste so as to render it nonhazardous.
- (10) "Treatment facility" means a facility or part of a facility where managed hazardous waste, as defined by rule, is subject to treatment.
- (11) "Updated plan" means the updated state hazardous waste management plan prepared under section 11110.
 - (12) "Vehicle" means a transport vehicle as defined in 49 C.F.R. 171.8.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995;—Am. 1998, Act 139, Eff. Sept. 1, 1998;—Am. 2001, Act 165, Imd. Eff. Nov. 7, 2001.

Compiler's note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities of the Waste Management Division to the Director of the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, see E.R.O. No. 1995-16, compiled at MCL 324.99901 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 451

Popular name: Act 64

Popular name: Hazardous Waste Act

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11119 Duties of department upon receipt of construction permit application; referral of application to site review board; notice of intent to deny application; providing board with documents; submission of application to board; public participation process; review of comments; referral or denial of application; procedure.

Sec. 11119. (1) Upon receipt of a construction permit application that complies with the requirements of section 11118, the department shall:

- (a) Immediately notify the permanent board members and the municipality and county in which the treatment, storage, or disposal facility is located or proposed to be located; a local soil erosion and sedimentation control agency appointed pursuant to part 91; each division within the department that has responsibility in land, air, or water management; a regional planning agency established by executive directive of the governor; and other appropriate agencies. The notice shall describe the procedure by which the permit may be approved or denied.
- (b) Review the plans of the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility to determine if the proposed operation complies with this part and the rules promulgated under this part. The review shall be made within the department. The review shall include, but need not be limited to, a review of air quality, water quality, waste management, hydrogeology, and the applicant's disclosure statement. A written and signed review by each person within the department reviewing the permit and plans shall be received and recorded before a construction permit is referred to the site review board or is denied by the department. If the site review, plan review, and the application meet the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part, the department shall refer the application to the site review board for review. An expansion of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility beyond the original authorized design capacity or beyond the area specified in the original permit, license, or other authorization or an alteration of the method of hazardous waste treatment or disposal constitutes a new proposal for which a new construction permit is required.
- (c) Coordinate and review all permits that the applicant is required to obtain from the department in order to construct the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility.
 - (d) Hold a public hearing within 60 days after receipt of a complete construction permit application.
- (2) The department shall refer an application to the site review board or shall notify the applicant of the intent to deny the construction permit application within 120 days after the department receives an application meeting the requirements of section 11118.
- (3) If the department refers an application to the site review board, prior to the first board meeting the department shall provide each board member with a copy of the application, a staff report including a summary of public comments, a responsiveness summary, and a draft construction permit.
- (4) If the department does not refer an application to the site review board or does not notify the applicant of the intent to deny the construction permit application within 120 days, the construction permit application shall be submitted to the board for action.
- (5) If the department intends to deny the application, the department shall commence a public participation process that is equivalent to that required by the applicable provisions of the solid waste disposal act or regulations promulgated under that act. Upon completion of the public participation process, the department shall review all the comments made during that process and shall refer the application to the site review board or deny the application. If the department refers the construction permit application to the board, the department shall proceed as described in section 11120.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995;—Am. 1995, Act 61, Imd. Eff. May 24, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451 **Popular name:** Act 64

Popular name: Hazardous Waste Act

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11120 Notification of member, county, and municipality; selection of members to serve on board; creation of board; timetable; duties of board; comment and input; listing issues; negotiation process; identification of affected parties; appointment of mediator; final best offer or negotiated settlement; hearings; impact; considerations; concerns and objections;

modifications; integration of local ordinances, permits, or requirements; seeking advice; decision; approval or rejection of application; extension; preparation of draft construction permit; initiation of public participation process; duties of department; direction of board; duties of board upon rejection of application.

Sec. 11120. (1) The department shall notify those members appointed by the governor who will serve on the board within 75 days after receipt of a construction permit application, if the department has not notified the applicant of the intent to deny the application, or at the time the department refers an application to the board, or at the time an application is automatically referred to the board pursuant to section 11119(4), whichever is earlier. At that time the department also shall notify the county and the municipality in which the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility is to be located and request the appointment of the members of the board as provided in section 11117(2)(b). The notification shall include a notice of intent to issue all departmental permits required for the construction, pending recommendations of the board and approval by the department. Within 45 days after the notification, the county and the municipality shall select the members to serve on the board. The board shall be created at that time and notification of the creation of the board shall be made to the chairperson.

- (2) Within 30 days after creation of a board, the board shall meet to review and establish a timetable for the consideration of an application for a proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility.
 - (3) The board shall do all of the following:
- (a) Set a date and arrange for publication of notice of a public hearing in a newspaper having major circulation in the vicinity of the proposed site, at its first meeting. The public notice shall do both of the following:
- (i) Contain a map indicating the location of the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility, a description of the proposed action, and the location where the application for a construction permit may be reviewed and where copies may be obtained.
- (ii) Identify the time, place, and location for the public hearing held to receive public comment and input on the application for a construction permit.
 - (b) Hold a public hearing within 45 days of the first board meeting.
 - (c) Publish the notice not less than 30 days before the date of the public hearing.
- (4) Comment and input on the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility may be presented orally or in writing at the public hearing, and shall continue to be accepted in writing by the board for 15 days after the public hearing date.
- (5) After the public hearing comment period has been closed, the board shall list the issues that are to be addressed through a negotiation process and list the issues to be evaluated by the board through its deliberations.
- (6) A negotiation process shall take place between the applicant and the affected parties, who shall be identified by the board. A representative of the municipality and a representative of the county in which the facility is proposed to be located shall each be considered an affected party. If requested by any affected party or the applicant, the board shall appoint a mediator to assist during negotiations. The negotiation process shall:
 - (a) Proceed concurrently with the board's hearings process.
- (b) Address the list of issues referred by the board and any other issues unanimously agreed to be considered by the applicant and all affected parties.
- (c) Be completed within 150 days after the first meeting of the board unless the applicant and 1 or more affected parties involved in the negotiation process jointly request an extension of not more than 60 days and the extension is approved by the board. The board shall not grant extensions in excess of 60 days. An extension granted under this subdivision may extend the time period in which the board either approves or rejects the construction permit application as specified in subsection (15).
- (7) On each negotiation issue which has not reached a negotiated settlement, the board shall select between final best offers presented by affected parties. The final best offer or the negotiated settlement shall not be less stringent than the requirements of the law or pertinent decisions of the board, whichever is the most stringent.
- (8) The board shall conduct formal or informal hearings to receive evidence on the disputed issues not subject to the negotiation process described in subsections (6) and (7).
- (9) The formal hearings process shall be conducted by the board to receive information from technical experts on disputed issues. Any affected party may request permission by the board to participate in the board's formal hearings within 15 days after the board's public hearing. The board shall determine which affected parties shall participate in the board's formal hearing. If the board denies the request of an affected party to participate in the board's formal hearing, the board shall give the affected party notice of the board's

decision and the reasons for the decision. A representative of the municipality and a representative of the county in which the facility is proposed to be located shall each be automatically entitled to participate. During the board's formal hearings process, the board shall:

- (a) Receive sworn testimony.
- (b) Cross-examine witnesses.
- (c) Allow representatives of affected parties to cross-examine witnesses.
- (d) Request participation as needed.
- (10) Comments made at informal hearings shall not be made under oath and no cross-examination shall occur.
- (11) The board shall deliberate on the impact of the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility on the municipality in which it is to be located and make a final determination as to its recommendation to the department regarding the construction permit application.
 - (12) The board shall consider, at a minimum, all of the following:
 - (a) The risk and impact of accident during the transportation of hazardous waste.
- (b) The risk and impact of contamination of ground and surface water by leaching and runoff from the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility.
 - (c) The risk of fires or explosions from improper treatment, storage, and disposal methods.
- (d) The impact on the municipality where the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility is to be located in terms of health, safety, cost, and consistency with local planning and existing development. The board also shall consider local ordinances, permits, or other requirements and their potential relationship to the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal facility.
- (e) The nature of the probable environmental impact, including the specification of the predictable adverse effects on the following:
 - (i) The natural environment and ecology.
 - (ii) Public health and safety.
 - (iii) Scenic, historic, cultural, and recreational value.
 - (iv) Water and air quality and wildlife.
 - (f) An evaluation of measures to mitigate adverse effects.
- (g) The board shall consider the information contained in the construction permit application disclosure statement.
- (13) The board also shall consider the concerns and objections submitted by the public. The board shall facilitate efforts to provide that the concerns and objections are mitigated by establishing additional stipulations specifically applicable to the treatment, storage, or disposal facility and operation at that site. Through deliberations, the board may modify the construction permit application in response to its findings. To the fullest extent practicable, the board also shall integrate by stipulation the provisions of the local ordinances, permits, or requirements.
- (14) The board may seek the advice of any person in order to render a decision to issue its recommendation to the department to approve or deny the construction permit application.
- (15) Within 180 days after the first meeting of the board, the board shall make a decision on the negotiated agreement and the final best offer from each party on each issue and shall recommend to the department that the department either approve or reject the construction permit application. The 180-day time period may be extended as provided in subdivision (6)(c). However, an extension shall not exceed 60 days.
- (16) If the board recommends to the department the approval of the construction permit application and the department follows the recommendation, the department shall prepare a draft construction permit and initiate a public participation process equivalent to that required by the applicable provisions of the solid waste disposal act or regulations promulgated under that act. Upon completion of the public participation process, the department shall review all comments made during that process and shall issue or revise and issue the construction permit or reconvene the board to consider issues specified by the department that were raised during the public participation process. Within 30 days after having been reconvened under this subsection, the board shall recommend to the department the rejection of the application or recommend the revision and issuance of the construction permit, or recommend that the department revise the draft construction permit and initiate a public participation process equivalent to that required by the applicable provisions of the solid waste disposal act or regulations promulgated under that act.
- (17) If the board recommends the rejection of the construction permit application, the board shall do all of the following:
- (a) State its reasons in writing and indicate the necessary changes to make the application acceptable if a new application is made.

(b) Recommend that the department deny the construction permit and initiate a public participation process equivalent to that required by the applicable provisions of the solid waste disposal act, or regulations promulgated under that act.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995;—Am. 1995, Act 61, Imd. Eff. May 24, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451 **Popular name:** Act 64

Popular name: Hazardous Waste Act

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11507 Development of methods for disposal of solid waste; construction and administration of part; exemption of inert material from regulation.

- Sec. 11507. (1) The department and a health officer shall assist in developing and encouraging methods for the disposal of solid waste that are environmentally sound, that maximize the utilization of valuable resources, and that encourage resource conservation including source reduction and source separation.
- (2) This part shall be construed and administered to encourage and facilitate the effort of all persons to engage in source separation and site separation of material from solid waste, and other environmentally sound measures to prevent materials from entering the waste stream or which encourage the removal of materials from the waste stream.
- (3) The department may exempt from regulation under this part solid waste that is determined by the department to be inert material for uses and in a manner approved by the department.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451
Popular name: Act 641
Popular name: Solid Waste Act

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11526 Inspection of solid waste transporting unit; determination; administration; inspections.

- Sec. 11526. (1) The department, a health officer, or a law enforcement officer of competent jurisdiction may inspect a solid waste transporting unit that is being used to transport solid waste along a public road to determine if the solid waste transporting unit is designed, maintained, and operated in a manner to prevent littering or to determine if the owner or operator of the solid waste transporting unit is performing in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.
- (2) In order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare and the environment of this state from items and substances being illegally disposed of in landfills in this state, the department, in conjunction with the department of state police, shall administer this part so as to do all of the following:
- (a) Ensure that all disposal areas are in full compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.
- (b) Provide for the inspection of each solid waste disposal area for compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part at least 4 times per year.
- (c) Ensure that all persons disposing of solid waste are doing so in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.
- (3) The department and the department of state police may conduct regular, random inspections of waste being transported for disposal at disposal areas in this state. Inspections under this subsection may be conducted at disposal areas at the end original destination.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995;—Am. 2004, Act 43, Imd. Eff. Mar. 29, 2004.

Popular name: Act 451 Popular name: Act 641 Popular name: Solid Waste Act

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11533 Initial solid waste management plan; contents; submission; review and update; amendment; scope of plan; minimum compliance; consultation with regional planning agency; filing, form, and contents of notice of intent; effect of failure to file notice of intent;

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vote; preparation of plan by regional solid waste management planning agency or by department; progress report.

- Sec. 11533. (1) Each solid waste management plan shall include an enforceable program and process to assure that the nonhazardous solid waste generated or to be generated in the planning area for a period of 10 years or more is collected and recovered, processed, or disposed of at disposal areas that comply with state law and rules promulgated by the department governing location, design, and operation of the disposal areas. Each solid waste management plan may include an enforceable program and process to assure that only items authorized for disposal in a disposal area under this part and the rules promulgated under this part are disposed of in the disposal area.
- (2) An initial solid waste management plan shall be prepared and approved under this section and shall be submitted to the director not later than January 5, 1984. Following submittal of the initial plan, the solid waste management plan shall be reviewed and updated every 5 years. An updated solid waste management plan and an amendment to a solid waste management plan shall be prepared and approved as provided in this section and sections 11534, 11535, 11536, 11537, and 11537a. The solid waste management plan shall encompass all municipalities within the county. The solid waste management plan shall at a minimum comply with the requirements of sections 11537a and 11538. The solid waste management plan shall take into consideration solid waste management plans in contiguous counties and existing local approved solid waste management plans as they relate to the county's needs. At a minimum, a county preparing a solid waste management plan shall consult with the regional planning agency from the beginning to the completion of the plan.
- (3) Not later than July 1, 1981, each county shall file with the department and with each municipality within the county on a form provided by the department, a notice of intent, indicating the county's intent to prepare a solid waste management plan or to upgrade an existing solid waste management plan. The notice shall identify the designated agency which shall be responsible for preparing the solid waste management plan.
- (4) If the county fails to file a notice of intent with the department within the prescribed time, the department immediately shall notify each municipality within the county and shall request those municipalities to prepare a solid waste management plan for the county and shall convene a meeting to discuss the plan preparation. Within 4 months following notification by the department, the municipalities shall decide by a majority vote of the municipalities in the county whether or not to file a notice of intent to prepare the solid waste management plan. Each municipality in the county shall have 1 vote. If a majority does not agree, then a notice of intent shall not be filed. The notice shall identify the designated agency which is responsible for preparing the solid waste management plan.
- (5) If the municipalities fail to file a notice of intent to prepare a solid waste management plan with the department within the prescribed time, the department shall request the appropriate regional solid waste management planning agency to prepare the solid waste management plan. The regional solid waste management planning agency shall respond within 90 days after the date of the request.
- (6) If the regional solid waste management planning agency declines to prepare a solid waste management plan, the department shall prepare a solid waste management plan for the county and that plan shall be final.
- (7) A solid waste management planning agency, upon request of the department, shall submit a progress report in preparing its solid waste management plan.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995;—Am. 2004, Act 44, Imd. Eff. Mar. 29, 2004.

Popular name: Act 451
Popular name: Act 641
Popular name: Solid Waste Act

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1994

324.11535 County or regional solid waste management planning agency; duties.

Sec. 11535. A county or regional solid waste management planning agency preparing a solid waste management plan shall do all of the following:

- (a) Solicit the advice of and consult periodically during the preparation of the plan with the municipalities, appropriate organizations, and the private sector in the county under section 11538(1) and solicit the advice of and consult with the appropriate county or regional solid waste management planning agency and adjacent counties and municipalities in adjacent counties which may be significantly affected by the solid waste management plan for a county.
- (b) If a planning committee has been appointed under section 11534, prepare the plan with the advice, consultation, and assistance of the planning committee.

- (c) Notify by letter the chief elected official of each municipality within the county and any other person within the county so requesting, not less than 10 days before each public meeting of the planning agency designated by the county, if that planning agency plans to discuss the county plan. The letter shall indicate as precisely as possible the subject matter being discussed.
- (d) Submit for review a copy of the proposed county or regional solid waste management plan to the department, to each municipality within the affected county, and to adjacent counties and municipalities that may be affected by the plan or that have requested the opportunity to review the plan. The county plan shall be submitted for review to the designated regional solid waste management planning agency for that county. Reviewing agencies shall be allowed an opportunity of not less than 3 months to review and comment on the plan before adoption of the plan by the county or a designated regional solid waste management planning agency. The comments of a reviewing agency shall be submitted with the plan to the county board of commissioners or to the regional solid waste management planning agency.
- (e) Publish a notice, at the time the plan is submitted for review under subdivision (d), of the availability of the plan for inspection or copying, at cost, by an interested person.
- (f) Conduct a public hearing on the proposed county solid waste management plan before formal adoption. A notice shall be published not less than 30 days before a hearing in a newspaper having a major circulation within the county. The notice shall indicate a location where copies of the plan are available for public inspection and shall indicate the time and place of the public hearing.

History: 1994, Act 451, Eff. Mar. 30, 1995.

Popular name: Act 451 Popular name: Act 641 Popular name: Solid Waste Act

PUBLIC HEALTH CODE (EXCERPT) Act 368 of 1978

333.2435 Local health department; additional powers.

Sec. 2435. A local health department may:

- (a) Engage in research programs and staff professional training programs.
- (b) Advise other local agencies and persons as to the location, drainage, water supply, disposal of solid waste, heating, and ventilation of buildings.
- (c) Enter into an agreement, contract, or arrangement with a governmental entity or other person necessary or appropriate to assist the local health department in carrying out its duties and functions unless otherwise prohibited by law.
- (d) Adopt regulations to properly safeguard the public health and to prevent the spread of diseases and sources of contamination.
- (e) Accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other donations for use in performing the local health department's functions. Funds or property accepted shall be used as directed by its donor and in accordance with the law, rules, and procedures of this state and the local governing entity.
 - (f) Sell and convey real estate owned by the local health department.
 - (g) Provide services not inconsistent with this code.
 - (h) Participate in the cost reimbursement program set forth in sections 2471 to 2498.
 - (i) Perform a delegated function unless otherwise prohibited by law.

History: 1978, Act 368, Eff. Sept. 30, 1978.

Popular name: Act 368